# United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/541,707	07/08/2005	Carsten Ball	1454.1619	9821
21171 STAAS & HAI	7590 08/29/2007 LSEY LLP	EXAMINER		
SUITE 700			MANDADI, YESHOROHAN K	
1201 NEW YORK AVENUE, N.W. WASHINGTON, DC 20005			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	•		2609	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			08/29/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

1	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/541,707	BALL ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Yeshorohan K. Mandadi	2609			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app					
Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status		•			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 08 J	<u>uly 2005</u> .	•			
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☑ This	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims	•				
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>6-11</u> is/are pending in the application					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>6-1·1</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.	•			
Application Papers					
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	Pr.				
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>08 July 2005</u> is/are: a)		by the Examiner.			
Applicant may not request that any objection to the					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct					
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	kaminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	n-(d) or (f).			
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage					
application from the International Bureau	u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	d.			
		•			
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary				
2)  Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3)  Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>07/08/2005</u> .	6) Other:	•••			

Art Unit: 2609

1. **Claim 9** is objected to because of the following informalities:

Correct the spelling of pre-specified.

Appropriate correction is required.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

Claim Objections

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 4. <u>Claims 6 9</u> are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bedekar et al. (6,603,753) in view of Sebire (US 7,145,896).

Page 2

Art Unit: 2609

Regarding <u>claim 6</u>, Bedekar teaches a method for allocating radio technical resources for data transmission in a radio communication network, comprising:

Page 3

allocating resources to a subscriber by jointly considering allocation conditions at first and second interfaces, the first interface being between a subscriber station (101) and a first network node ( $x_{V1}$ ) and [Bedekar: Figure 1]

the second interface being between the second network node and another subscriber station, the resources being allocated by: [Bedekar: Figure1; Col 3, 33-35]

considering a data rate and transmission characteristics requested by the subscriber at the first interface, [Bedekar: Col 1, 49 – 53]

determining a value to the subscriber, the value to the subscriber being defined as the quotient from an actual data rate and the data rate requested by the subscriber; [Bedekar: Col 4, 63 – 65]

determining a value to all subscribers, the value to all subscribers being defined as the minimum of the quotients for all subscribers, from the actual data rate and the data rate requested by each subscriber; and [Bedekar: Col 4, 34 – 37]

maximizing the value to all subscribers using an optimization process.

[Bedekar: Col 5, 19 – 21]

However, Bedekar does not teach that the second interface is between the first network node and a second network node. Application/Control Number: 10/541,707 Page 4

Art Unit: 2609

In related prior art, Sebire specifically discloses that the second interface can be from the first network node (102a) to a second network node (103).

[Sebire: Figure 1; Col 7, 17 – 18]

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teachings of Bedekar to include that the second interface is between the first network node and the second network node in order to provide a gateway for data transfer.

Regarding <u>claim 7</u>, as applied to claim 6, the combination above further discloses wherein

the first network node (101) is a network-side radio station, [Bedekar:

## Figure 1]

the subscriber station is a mobile station ( $x_{v1}$ ), [Bedekar: Figure 1] the first interface is a radio interface between the mobile station and the first network node, [Bedekar: Col 1, 51 – 53]

However, Bedekar does not teach that the subscriber, for transmission over the first interface, is allocated one of a plurality of coding schemes and one or more packet data channels, and the subscriber, for transmission over the second interface, is allocated one or more time slots, based on a relationship between the number of time slots allocated at the second interface and the coding scheme allocated at the first interface.

In related prior art, Sebire specifically discloses that the subscriber, for transmission over the first interface, is allocated one of a plurality of coding Application/Control Number: 10/541,707 Page 5

Art Unit: 2609

schemes and one or more packet data channels, and [Figure 5; Sebire: Col 7, 51 - 52; Col 8, 61 - 62] and

that the subscriber, for transmission over the second interface, is allocated one or more time slots, based on a relationship between the number of time slots allocated at the second interface and the coding scheme allocated at the first interface. [Sebire: Col 1, 54 - 57]

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teachings of Bedekar to include that the interface is allocated a plurality of coding schemes and one or more packet data channels and that the second interface is allocated one or more time slots as taught by Sebire in order to provide better throughput for data.

Regarding <u>claim 8</u>, as applied to claim 7, Bedekar does not teach that the number of data packet channels allocated to the subscriber is less than or equal to the number of packet data channels on which the subscriber station can simultaneously transmit or receive.

However, Sebire specifically teaches that the number of data packet channels allocated to the subscriber is less than or equal to the number of packet data channels on which the subscriber station can simultaneously transmit or receive. [Sebire: Col 4, 43 – 46]

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teachings of Bedekar to include the allocated packet data channels are less than or equal to the number of packet data

Art Unit: 2609

Page 6

channels on which the subscriber station can simultaneously transmit or receive as taught by Sebire in order to prevent packet loss.

Regarding <u>claim 9</u>, as applied to claim 6, Bedekar further discloses wherein at least a portion of the subscribers each have a minimum data rate prespecified which is not to be undershot for data transmission, and [Bedekar: Col 4, 32 – 34]

resources are allocated such that the subscribers are each provided with at least their minimum data rate. [Bedekar: Col 4, 34 – 37]

5. <u>Claims 10 – 11</u> are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over **Bedekar (US 6,603,753)** and **Sebire (US 7,145,896)**, and further in view of **Hansson et al (US 6,038,223)**.

Regarding <u>claims 10 and 11</u>, as applied to claims 7 and 8, the combination of Bedekar and Sebire further discloses wherein a check is made on the number of packet data channels allocated to the subscriber, [Sebire: Col 13, 48 – 51]

for a not necessarily true subset of all combinations of contiguous (sequential) packet data channels which correspond to the number of packet data channels allocated, [Sebire: Abstract ,1 – 11]

However, the combination of Bedekar and Sebire fail to specifically disclose that the allocation is investigated for the subscriber and the value to all subscribers is determined, and that the number of contiguous (sequential) packet

Application/Control Number: 10/541,707 Page 7

Art Unit: 2609

data channels allocated to the subscriber is set to the number of contiguous (sequential) packet data channels that maximizes the value to all subscribers.

In related prior art, Hansson specifically discloses that the allocation is investigated for the subscriber and the value to all subscribers is determined,

[Hansson: Col 8, 2 – 6] and that the number of contiguous (sequential) packet data channels allocated to the subscriber is set to the number of contiguous (sequential) packet data channels that maximizes the value to all subscribers.

[Hansson: Col 8, 15 – 17]

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teachings of Bedekar and Sebire to include the method of determining the number of packet data channels allocated to a subscriber and the method of assigning a set number of packet data channels in order to maximize the value to subscribers as taught by Hansson in order to provide adequate throughput and Quality of Service.

#### Conclusion

6. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure:

Cloutier et al. US 6,754,189

7. Any response to this Office Action should be **faxed** to (571) 273-8300 or **mailed** to:

Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Art Unit: 2609

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to

Customer Service Window Randolph Building 401 Dulany Street Alexandria, VA 22314

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Yeshorohan K. Mandadi whose telephone number is (571) 270-1658. The examiner can normally be reached on M-T(8am-5pm) EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Benny Tieu can be reached on (571) 272 - 7490. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (N USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Yeshorohan Mandadi

AU 2609

BENNY Q. TIEL

SPE/TRAINER

Page 8